

PRIMARY FRAUDS IN 3 DISTRICTS

Astonishing Story of Colonization Involving George R. Manchester, Republican County Secretary, Told in Court.

FLOATERS SENT FROM ONE PRECINCT TO ANOTHER.

Appear to Have Been Used in the Ninth, the Twenty-fifth and Twenty-third Assembly Districts.

An astonishing story of primary colonization methods, involving George R. Manchester, Secretary of the Republican County Committee, was told in the Court of Special Sessions to-day when Charles O'Brien, of No. 245 West Fifteenth street, was arraigned before Justice Wyatt charged with violation of the Metropolitan Election laws. The affidavit upon which the charge was based was made by Deputy Superintendent of Elections R. H. Burke.

From this affidavit the inference is drawn that there was a plot in the Twenty-fifth Assembly District to vote floaters in the primaries against Herbert Parsons, who ran against and defeated Deputy County Clerk Birrell, the Republican machine candidate. It appears that somebody was using floaters in the Ninth, where William S. Devery ran against the combined Sheehan and Tammany opposition, and in the Twenty-third, where John J. Dooley ran against Thomas F. McAvoy.

Got in Touch with Floaters.

Several days before the primary elections on Sept. 15 Superintendent of Elections Morgan told Assistant Superintendent Maher to send out deputies in disguise with instructions to get in touch with the floaters. Three of these deputies, Burke, Bray and Webb, wandered around the west side and on the day before the primaries met a man named Goodwin at Seventeenth street and Seventh avenue, in the Twenty-fifth Assembly District.

They told Goodwin that they were formerly street conductors in Buffalo, that they had been unable to get work in New York, and were willing to do anything to get a little money.

Goodwin, according to Burke's affidavit, told them to meet him the next day at 2 o'clock and be ready to vote in the primaries. He promised them \$2 for every vote cast and told them that would be needed in the Twenty-fifth, the Ninth and the Twenty-third, and that they were to begin to vote at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Burke's affidavit states that with his two companions he appeared at Seventeenth street and Seventh avenue on the day of the primaries, and at 5 o'clock they were approached by O'Brien, who told them that Goodwin was busy in the Ninth, but that he would take care of them. He gave each of them three names to vote under.

Pointed out "Manchester."

Burke swears that he asked O'Brien who would guarantee the money. His affidavit states that O'Brien pointed out a man he said was George R. Manchester, Secretary of the Republican County Committee, who was standing in front of the polling place at No. 151 West Fifteenth street. O'Brien, according to Burke, said that Manchester and a man he called Londregan would see that the money was paid.

Burke swears that he was told to go to the polling place and vote under the name of S. J. Buchanan, of No. 171 Seventh avenue, and that his companions were given other names. Webb, he says in his affidavit, tried to vote under the name of Philip J. Ward, was challenged and thrown out of the polling place.

After this, Burke says in his affidavit, they were asked to go up to the Twenty-third District, but deeming that they had secured sufficient evidence, they reported to the Superintendent of Elections. He arranged their testimony and applied to Justice Wyatt for a warrant, upon which O'Brien was arrested last night by Deputies Archer and Rynders.

O'Brien Sent to the Tomb.

At the request of Deputy Attorney-General Cornelius Collins and Justice Wyatt committed O'Brien to the Tombs for examination next Friday at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Bail was fixed at \$500.

Superintendent Morgan believes that O'Brien will confess and give the inside history of the plan of colonization that failed to go through in the Twenty-fifth district.

LAUNCH OF MONSTER OIL TANK STEAMER

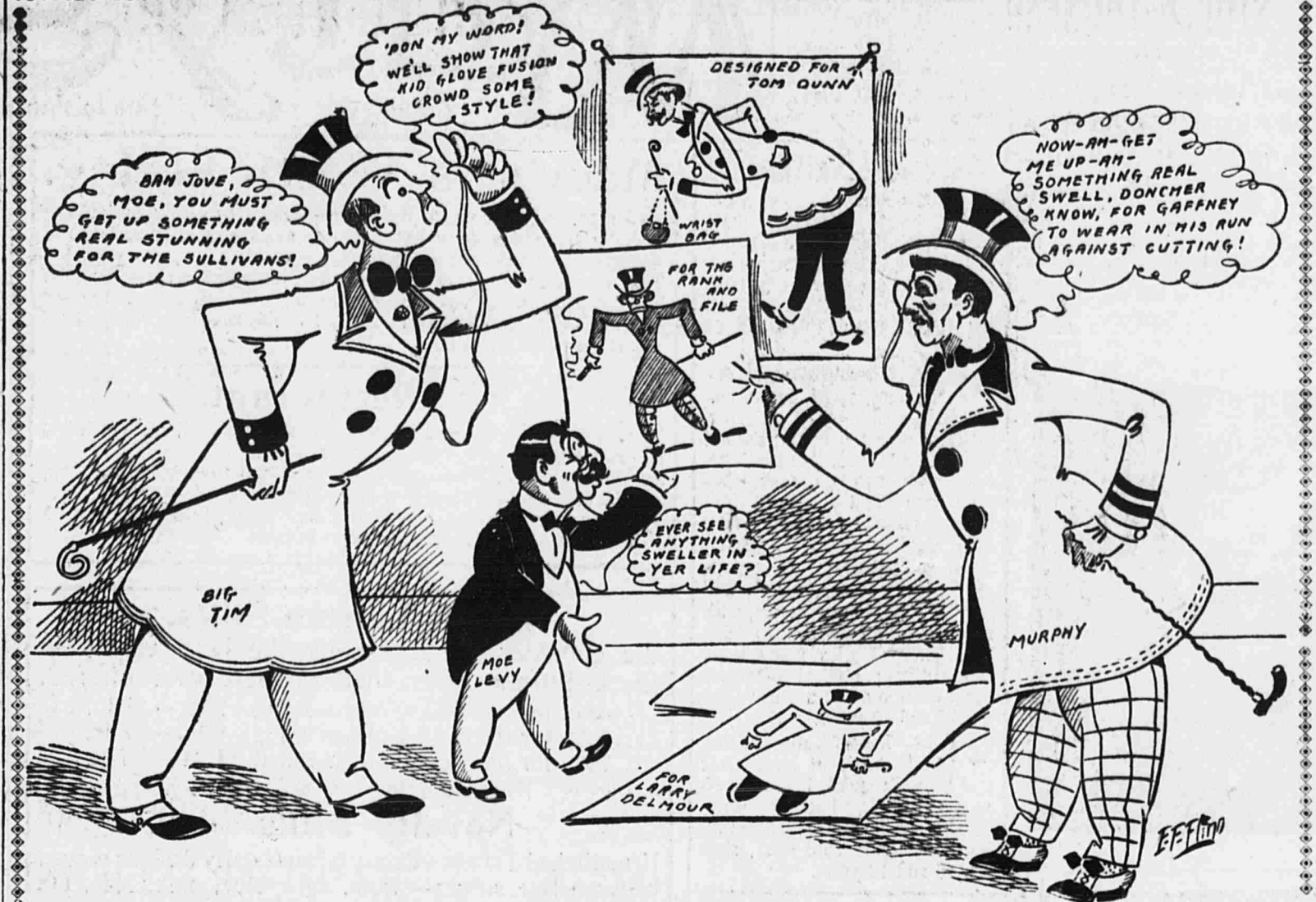
Biggest Steam Cargo Carrier Ever Built in Port of New York Ships from the Ways at the Staten Island Yards.

The Townsend-Downey Shipbuilding Company launched the largest merchant steamer ever built in the harbor of New York at its Shooter Island yard to-day.

The vessel is an oil-tank transport for the Standard Oil Company and will be known as Standard Oil Barge No. 84. It is 280 feet over all in length, 35 feet beam and 27 feet depth of hold, with a carrying capacity of 1,500,000 gallons of oil.

The barge is constructed of steel throughout and is thoroughly up to date in its design and appointments. The launching took place without a hitch and the work of fitting out will go ahead at once. It is supposed to get the new barge in commission in about two months.

SWELL CLOTHES FOR TAMMANY CANDIDATES THIS FALL; MUST LOOK LIKE THE CITIZEN'S UNION REAL THINGS.



The Citizens' Union is trying to induce such men as Richard Watson Gilder, Jacob H. Schiff, Nicholas Murray Butler, George Haven Putnam and F. A. Ringler to run for Aldermen.—News Item.

STORY OF QUARREL DENIED BY MURPHY

Leader of Tammany Says There Will Be No Fight Between Himself and McLaughlin Over Mayoralty Candidate.

When Charles Murphy reached Tammany Hall to-day to have his usual talk with district leaders he was asked by an Evening World reporter if it were true that the quarrel between himself and Hugh McLaughlin, the Brooklyn leader, had reached an acute stage, and that an open fight for supremacy might take place on the floor of the city convention at Carnegie Hall Oct. 10. Mr. Murphy replied:

"There has been no quarrel between Mr. McLaughlin and me; there is none and there will be none."

"To infer thoughts are quoted as he against Lewis Nixon, and that you have barred him as a candidate for Mayor. What did you say on that point?"

"Nothing."

"May The Evening World say that you bar no candidate?"

"I have nothing to say."

"Don't know McLaughlin's mind."

"It is said that Mr. McLaughlin is so angry that he will not allow Bird S. Cole to run for Comptroller."

"I don't know Mr. McLaughlin's mind," said Mr. Murphy, smiling.

The leader of Tammany said he didn't know whether Col. McClellan would go to-day or not.

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CLEVELAND SAYS HE IS NOT TO SEE McCLELLAN

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 22.—Grover Cleveland made a statement to-day relative to the report that George B. McClellan intended to call on him, presumably to ask his advice or support in the coming Mayoralty campaign in New York City. Mr. Cleveland said:

"I never have heard of such a suggestion of any such visit except about an hour ago, when a newspaper clipping referring to it came in my morning mail."

"I do not expect to meet Mr. McClellan, and should think it very strange if he should come here on the errand suggested."

"It would be as strange if he should come here to see me without previous notification."

A prominent member of the Princeton University faculty said to-day:

"Mr. McClellan is a graduate of Princeton in the class of '86, and he expected to come to Princeton with his wife for a few days this week and spend Sunday here. To my knowledge there is no particular political significance whatever attached to his visit and in fact he may not come at all. He will spend the time among his intimate friends in the university if he comes."

George B. McClellan said last night that the purpose of his intended visit to Princeton was to see a football game to be played there and not to call on Mr. Cleveland as had been reported.

DEFIANCE OF HILL IN SUPPORT OF LOW

Plans to Turn Sheehan Followers Over to Tammany Were Under Way, but Interference of Ex-Senator Was Resented.

The action of the Greater New York Democracy in endorsing Fusion was said to-day to be directly due to the influence of David B. Hill, Benjamin T. Rhoades, the leader of the Greater New York Democracy and one of the closest friends of John C. Sheehan and Jacob Cantor, made this statement to an Evening World reporter:

"Negotiations looking toward a complete understanding between Tammany Hall and the Greater New York Democracy were going forward and nearing an end satisfactory to both organizations, when Mr. Hill came to town and sent messages to Mr. Sheehan and William Hepburn Russell asking them to call on him. Mr. Hill told both of these gentlemen that their place and the place of the organization they represented was in Tammany Hall. Mr. Russell indicated his willingness to go over to Tammany, but Mr. Sheehan was disposed to question the wisdom of Mr. Hill's interference. After a long talk Mr. Hill said:

"This is the first time I have ever disagreed on a political question, and I want you now to do as I advise."

"Mr. Sheehan conferred with several of his friends. President Cantor denounced Mr. Hill's interference, and said: How can we submit to Hill putting his hands on the local situation? They warmly protested against this and said that Mr. Hill had made it impossible for the Greater New York Democracy to work in line with Tammany."

When William Hepburn Russell was asked if he had agreed with Senator Hill to go over to Tammany he declared he had not conferred with the Senator. "There were conferences," he said, "looking toward turning the Greater New York Democracy over to Tammany," said Mr. Russell, "but I was not one of those who conferred."

William Hepburn Russell, the former Greater New York Democracy leader who resigned his position as Commissioner of Accounts after declaring his opposition to the renomination of Mayor Low, to-day charged his former associates in the Sheehan organization with political trickery and treachery. He declared that endorsement of Mayor Low for renomination by the Executive Committee at its meeting was part of a plan to again put Borough President Cantor on the Fusion ticket and that the leaders had been whipped into line in the interests of Cantor and Sheehan.

"I propose taking the stump in the interest of the Democratic party this fall," said Mr. Russell, "and shall show up certain acts of the present administration which will not look well in print. I can state without fear of contradiction that Devery is the tail of the Fusion kite, and that Fusion money is being used for him."

"I have no doubt that the Democratic city ticket will be made up of clean, able and honest men, who, if elected, will give to the city a Democratic administration in every respect the equal of the so-called non-partisan Fusion administration which we have to-day. Of course the ticket may not please every Democrat, but if it is made up of men of intelligence, character and ability no Democrat will find any reasonable cause in the Fusion movement for refusing to support the Democratic party."

"You ask about President Cantor's reference in his speech last night to the reports of the Commissioners of Accounts concerning the administration of the Dock Department under the Van Wyck regime. My statement as to this is that the Commissioners of Accounts, those reports show that carry favoritism was exercised in the administration of the Dock Department, but nothing criminal was discovered, and the most that can be said is that the administration of the Department of Docks under Van Wyck was a failure."

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FIVE NEW NIXON CLUBS ORGANIZE

Movement to Nominate the Shipbuilder for Mayor Growing Stronger in Every Borough of Greater New York.

The Metropolitan Democratic Club's campaign for the nomination of Lewis Nixon for Mayor was formally opened by Tom Field to-day at the headquarters in the Hoffman House.

This is the organization formed at the Astor House, Friday, with Charles C. Hughes as president. Two thousand members were enrolled and an address sent to Charles F. Murphy at the meeting of the City Committee that night at the Democratic Club.

The Young Men's Democratic Club of the Borough of the Bronx was organized at Schneider's Hall, No. 327 Third avenue, with 150 enrolled members. President, F. O. Dittman; Vice-President, George Munger, and Secretary and Treasurer, Charles H. Kienle.

The Atlantic Club was organized by 135 Nixon Democrats in the Eighteenth Brooklyn District at No. 129 Atlantic avenue. Edward E. Brannan was elected President and Alexander J. Sheridan, Jr., Secretary.

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SAFE-ROBBERS THREATEN DEATH

They Give Man Who Discovers Them the Choice of Keeping Quiet or Having His Head Blown Off.

SOUTH HADLEY CENTRE, Mass., Sept. 22.—The Post-Office at this place, which adjoins the store of C. A. Gridley, was entered by burglars and the safe was broken open early to-day. The robbers got no money, but secured about \$1,000 worth of stamps. C. A. Gridley, who lives next door, was aroused by the explosion and looked out of the window to see two men still in the office and a third outside.

The latter ordered Gridley to pull in his head or he would get it blown off. Gridley ran down stairs and telephoned the Holyoke and Springfield police and roused people in the village, but the burglars got away.

The safe was completely demolished by the explosion and great pieces of the iron wrecked the boxes and glass cases. Entrance was gained by the use of chemicals and a hammer taken from the blacksmith shop in the village.

J. DE WITT WARNER TO SUCCEED CANTOR

Former Congressman Said to Have Been Chosen by the Fusionists as the Nominee for Borough President.

TO HOLD MEETING TO-NIGHT.

Mr. Warner is a Democrat, a Member of the Municipal Art Commission and Believes in Municipal Ownership Public Utilities.

John De Witt Warner, lawyer, former Democratic member of Congress, a distinguished citizen and speaker, is to be indulged for Borough President of Manhattan at to-night's meeting of the representatives of the Citizens' Union.

Mr. Warner was a few months ago named a member of the Municipal Art Commission by Mayor Low. Two years ago it was almost decided by the Fusionists to nominate him for Mayor, when sentiment suddenly shifted to Seth Low, following the publication of several of Mr. Warner's speeches in which he advocated, in strongest terms, the Henry George theory of municipal ownership of public utilities.

It is understood that Mr. Warner will accept the nomination, regarding which he has been consulted by several of the leaders of the Citizens' Union, including President Robert Fulton Cutting. The nomination of Mr. Warner will block the plan of Borough President Jacob Cantor to succeed himself.

It has been known for several weeks that many of the prominent leaders of the Citizens' Union were opposed to Mr. Cantor's renomination. With Mr. Warner at the head of the borough ticket it is conceded that the Fusionists will have played a strong card.

GRAFT INQUIRY IS CROOKED, HE SAYS

Magistrate Hogan Denounces Proceedings at Police Headquarters on the Complaints Which Were Made by Him.

"I want to say that the whole investigation from beginning to end, so far as I have knowledge, proves to me that the proceedings were as crooked as a ram's horn."

Magistrate Hogan, in Jefferson Market Court to-day, so characterized the investigation at Police Headquarters into the police methods in the raiding of Minnie Lewis's house in West Thirtieth street.

The Saltsch girl originally said she was in the house three weeks before Max Weinberg knew she was there. Magistrate Hogan said: "Finally she was instructed what to say, and then when she got the cue, testified that Weinberg took her there, and that she had been paying him money."

Magistrate Hogan had a stenographer read one part of the record of the trial at Headquarters to bear out his contention.

"I was asked last Tuesday if I could would suit me for the resumption of the trial," he said in explaining the mix-up in the time of his appearance at Headquarters yesterday. "I said I was satisfied. Yesterday about noon I heard that the trial would go on at 2 o'clock. I had some one on the police wire about 1 o'clock who told me an inquiry would be made and he would call me up before 2 o'clock and tell me when the trial would commence. I waited until 2 o'clock and hearing nothing, took my stenographer and went to Police Headquarters, where I found the trial in progress. The police court was full of examinees and the regular batch, but I was obliged to put them off."

BABY LEFT ALONE SETS SELF ON FIRE

Little One Finds Some Matches to Play With and When Afterward Discovered She Is All Ablaze.

Betha, the twenty-two-months-old daughter of Adam Gerlack, janitor of the flat house at No. 129 Amsterdam avenue, was left alone in the flat to-day, and she played with matches. When rescued from the ensuing fire she was doctors from head to foot, and the doctors of J. H. Wood Wright Hospital said that she can scarcely recover.

The house flat is in the basement of the Gerlack flat, which is occupied largely by Columbia College students. Mrs. Gerlack went through the house to-day, cleaning the halls, leaving the little one in the dining room of the basement flat.

L. A. Damon, a student, with apartments on the ground floor, saw smoke pouring up the air shaft. He ran to the basement, broke in the front door of the Gerlack flat, and found the baby all afire on a sofa. Damon beat out the flames and called the mother, whom he sent to a drug store on the corner for sweet oil. With this they anointed the child before the ambulance arrived.

An alarm of fire was turned in, but the engine had nothing to do as Damon had extinguished the flames that had spread from the clothing of the child to the sofa and curtains. It is not known how the little one got hold of the matches with which she set herself on fire.

SUFFERED THREE YEARS

With Catarrh of the Bowels and Digestive Organs.

Unable to Find Relief.—Peruna Cured.

Her Son Says: "Mother's Improvement Is Remarkable. She Is Not Like the Same Person."

Mrs. Mary M. Marshall, Tipton, Mo., writes:

"I suffered three years with catarrh of the digestive organs and bowels. I was unable to find relief until as a last resort I was induced to try Peruna. I began the use of Peruna when I was confined to the bed, and can say that I experienced a benefit from the first dose. I have taken five bottles in all, and I believe I am cured of my trouble, and am enjoying as good health as an old lady of my age could expect. My age is seventy-seven. I recommend your medicine to sufferers whenever I meet them, and others of my friends are using it with great success. I will always feel grateful to you for your grand medicine and kind advice, and trust that many others may be as greatly benefited as I have been. All letters of inquiry cheerfully answered."

In regard to the above Mrs. Marshall's son adds:

"I must say with all candor that my mother's improvement is remarkable. She is not like the same person. She began taking your Peruna and following your dietary regulations, and has steadily improved during the four weeks' use of Peruna. I think that is wonderful, considering her case is of three years' standing."

Mr. Chas. W. Thompson, member of Congress, Fifth Alabama District, writes from the Washington, D. C.:

SENATOR GREEN FIGHTS FOR DELAY

His Lawyers Declare Federal Indictments Charging Bribery and Conspiracy Are Faulty—Ask for His Discharge.

(Special to The Evening World.) BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Senator George E. Green was arraigned for examination before U. S. Commissioner Hall to-day and his attorneys, Messrs. Roberts, Tuttle and Rogers, had prepared to show that others, rather than their client, were the guilty parties and there was no evidence against him to warrant his transfer to Washington.

United States District-Attorney Curtis, however, blocked their plans by opposing from the decision of Commissioner Hall, which granted Senator Green a hearing before United States District Judge Ray, holding that the prisoner could be taken to Washington without an examination, thus preventing the defense from getting an inkling of the prosecution's evidence.

Lawyer Tuttle, for Senator Green, moved the dismissal of the indictments and the discharge of the prisoner, on the ground that there was not enough evidence in the indictments to constitute a crime.

United States District-Attorney Curtis said he was not satisfied that the indictments contained enough facts to make a prima facie case, but asked that the motion be denied until he had time to examine the indictments and the law more fully and confer with the department at Washington.

Commissioner Hall said the law plainly gave the defendant a right to examination here, which his counsel demanded, and he should continue to hold him until overruled by a higher court. He, however, declined to discharge the prisoner and the case was adjourned until Oct. 28, at which time the decision of the department at Washington and the Circuit Judge will have been received and the validity of the indictments determined upon.

WHAT HAPPENED TO THE NEW 'COP'

John J. Lynch, Former Newspaper Reporter, Comes to Grief Trying to Arrest Letter-Carrier in Monroe Street.

For seven years John J. Lynch was a newspaper reporter. He thought he was wise. He went on the police force. They put him in the Delancey street station.

He looked fine in a uniform. Last night he arrested Solomon Jacobs, a letter-carrier, of No. 260 Monroe street.

Jacobs has a pull in the neighborhood. The pull began to work as soon as he was "pinched."

At Jackson and Monroe streets a crowd of about fifty youths rushed to the rescue of Jacobs.

They took Lynch's club away from him and smote him with it.

He drew his revolver and jammed the muzzle into a man's mouth.

In his report to the captain he says that the man bit the barrel off the revolver.

Two detectives heard the noise and went to the rescue of Lynch. With their aid he arrested eight men. One of them gave the name of Harold O'Brien. All were discharged in Essex Market Court to-day because Lynch could not identify them.

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BUT 613 Paid Help Wants in the 13 other 613 New York papers combined.

ADDRESSERS ... 3 IRONERS ... 2
AGENTS ... 11 JANITORS ... 12
ARTIFICIAL ... JANITRESSES ... 3
FLOWERS ... KITCHENWORK ... 17
BAKERS ... 11 LAUNDRY ...
BARTENDERS ... 5 LADIES' TAILORS ... 26
BLACKSMITHS ... 3 LADIES' TAILORS ... 26
BONNAZ ... 4 LAUNDRESSES ...
BOOKBINDERS ... 15 MACHINISTS ... 5
BOYS ... 153 MANICURES ... 4
BRAIDERS ... 2 MEN ... 13
BRASSWORKERS ... 3 MILLINERS ... 8
BRICKLAYERS ... 3 NURSES ... 17
BUSHMEN ... 11 OPERATORS ... 19
BUTCHERS ... 29 PACKERS ... 5
CABINET ... MAKERS ... 14
CANNASERS ... 10 PAINTERS ... 14
CARPENTERS ... 12 PHOTOGRAPHERS ... 9
CARPET LAYERS ... 3 PIANO HANDS ... 15
CARRIAGE ... PLUMBERS ... 14
HANDS ... FROCKWORK ... 2
CASHIERS ... 4 PORTERS ... 15
CHAMBERMAIDS ... 35 PRESSERS ... 17
COLLECTORS ... 8 ROOFERS ... 11
COMPOSITORS ... 4 SALESLADIES ... 15
COOKS ... 47 SALESMEN ... 11
CROCHETERS ... 8 SHIP'G CLERKS ... 4
CUTTERS ... 6 SHOEMAKERS ... 7
DENTISTS ... 6 SKIRT HANDS ... 4
DISHWASHERS ... 19 STEADY MEN ... 4
DRESSMAKERS ... 10 STEAMFITTERS ... 4
DRUG CLERKS ... 14 STEENOGRAPHERS ... 6
ELECTRICIANS ... 2 TAILORS ... 17
ELEV. RUNNERS ... 4 TRIMMERS ... 2
EMBROIDERERS ... 6 TINSMITHS ... 21
EMP. AGENCIES ... 7 UMBRELLA ...
ENGINEERS ... 4 UPHOLSTERS ... 19
FARM HANDS ... 2 USEFUL MEN ... 2
FEDERS ... 8 WASHMEN ... 1
FINISHERS ... 3 WASHMEN ... 1
FIREMEN ... 52 WAGON HANDS ... 2
GIRLS ... 52 WAITERS ... 25
GROCERY ... WAITRESSES ... 25
HAIRDRESSERS ... 10 WAITRESSES ... 25
HARNESS ... MISCELL ... 25
IMPROVERS ... 5 TOTAL ...